

3878 (UVST); same locality, 8 May 1984, 3879 (UVST). Uvalde Co.: sandy soil, Frio River bed NW of Knippa, 11 May 1985, Keeney 4493 (SMU, UVST).

*VERONICA AMERICANA* (Raf.) Schwein. (Scrophulariaceae) was first reported for Texas based on a single collection from Kendall County in the Edwards Plateau (Correll & Johnston, 1970; Correll & Correll, 1972). A recent collection of this aquatic is apparently the first for the state since 1961.

Collection data for the two known locations are: Kendall Co.: gravelly stream along Ranger Creek, ca 4 mi NW of Boerne, 11 Jul 1961, *K. I. & L. W. Miller* 975 (SMU). Kerr Co.: in Verde Creek ca 300 yds E of bridge over Verde Creek at Camp Verde on Hwy 173, 6 Oct 1984, *T. M. Keeney* 4099 (SMU, UVST).

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*SCAEVOLA SERICEA* VAHL VAR. *TACCADA* (GAERTN.) THIERET & LIPSCOMB, COMB. NOV. (GOODENIACEAE)—Based on *Lobelia taccada* Gaertn., Fruct. Sem. Pl. 1:119, t. 25, fig. 5. 1788. *Scaevola sericea*, a widely distributed Indo-Pacific strand plant, is grown as an ornamental and has escaped in southern Florida. It has been called *S. taccada* (Gaertn.) Roxb. in some recent floras, but C. Jeffrey has shown (Kew Bull. 34:537–545. 1979) that *S. sericea* Vahl is the correct name. Two variants of the species occur in Florida—as “on many other tropical shores” (H. St. John, Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington 88:73–75. 1975): one with sericeous leaves, *S. sericea* var. *sericea*, and one with glabrous leaves, for which the above new combination is made.—*John W. Thieret, Dept. of Biological Sciences, Northern Kentucky University, Highland Heights, KY 41076, U.S.A.; Barney L. Lipscomb, Southern Methodist University Herbarium, Dallas, TX 75275, U.S.A.*